**Background**

**IMPORTANT:** Please register directly on the course website: [http://unccelearn.org/](http://unccelearn.org/)

**Learning Objectives**

After completing this e-tutorial, participants will be able to:

- Define climate information and services.
- Identify the uses of climate information and services in development planning and policy.
- Discuss the role of legislation in strengthening climate information and services.
- Provide examples of instruments available to governments for mainstreaming climate information and services.
CONTENT AND STRUCTURE

1. ការ្ែរប្របួល​អាកាស​ធា​តុ​នៅ​ក្នុង​តំបន់​អា​ស៊ី-ប៉ាស៊ី​ហ្វិក ជា​ជូគគ្មីក​បុគ្គលិក​ម្រន្តី​រាជការ ជា​ប្រការ្ែរប្របួល​អាកាស​ធា​តុ​ណាដូច​ណា?  
2. ការ្ែរប្របួល​អាកាសធាតុ​ប៉ះពាល់​ការងារ​របស់​អ្នកជា​ម្រន្តី​រាជការ​យ៉ាងដូច​ម្តច?  
3. ហិរញ្ញវត្ថុ​ជា​តិ​និង​អន្តរជាតិ​ស្រមាប់​ការ្ែរប្របួល​អាកាស​ធា​តុ  
4. រកបខ័ណ្ឌ​យុទ្ធសាស្ត្រ​ស្រមាប់​រគប់្រគង​ការ្ែរប្របួល​អាកាស​ធា​តុ  
5. ចុងទសវត្សទី ១៩ អ្នក​នឹង​សិក្សា​អំពី​ការ្ែរប្របួល​អាកាស​ធា​តុ​នៅក្នុង​តំបន់​អា​ស៊ី-ប៉ាស៊ី​ហ្វិក.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

UN CC:Learn is a partnership of more than 30 multilateral organizations supporting countries to design and implement systematic, recurrent and results-oriented climate change learning. At the global level, the partnership supports knowledge-sharing, promotes the development of common climate change learning materials, and coordinates learning interventions through a collaboration of UN agencies and other partners. At the national level, UN CC:Learn supports countries in developing and implementing national climate change learning strategies. Through its engagement at the national and global levels, UN CC:Learn contributes to the implementation of Article 6 of the UNFCCC on training, education and public awareness-raising, and the 2012-2020 Doha Work Programme. Funding for UN CC:Learn is provided by the Swiss Government and UN partners. The Secretariat for UN CC:Learn is hosted by the UN Institute for Training and Research (UNITAR).